Reviewing Your Board: Advantages of board evaluation

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Book extract, pp. 14-16

A properly conducted board evaluation can contribute significantly to performance improvements on three levels - the organisational, board and individual director level. Boards who commit to a regular evaluation process find benefits across these levels in terms of improved leadership, greater clarity of roles and responsibilities, improved teamwork, greater accountability, better decision-making, improved communication and more efficient board operations. Table 2.1 summarises the benefits of board evaluation to the organisation, the board as a whole and to individual directors, which are discussed in detail below.

Table 2.1 Benefits of board evaluation

Benefits	To organisation	To board	To individual directors
Leadership	sets the performance tone and culture of the organisation role model for CEO and senior management team	 Demonstrates long-term focus of the board 	Demonstrates commitment to improvement at individual level Provides specific feedback for individuals to improve their role in the organisation's leadership
Culture	managers • Indicators and measures used can be aligned to desired outcomes	at the top	Clarifies the role of individual directors in setting the tone at the top Clarifies expectations of directors in boardroom culture
Role clarity	 Enables clear distinction between the roles of the CEO, management and the board Enables appropriate delegation principles 	Clarifies director and committee roles Sets a board norm for roles	Clarifies duties of individual directors Clarifies protection of directors Clarifies expectations
Teamwork	Builds board/CEO/ management relationships	 Builds trust between board members Encourages active participation Develops commitment and sense of ownership 	 Encourages individual director involvement Develops commitment and sense of ownership Clarifies expectations
Accountability	• Improved corporate governance	Ensures board is appropriately	 Ensures directors understand their legal duties and responsibilities Sets performance expectations for individual board members
Decision-making	• Improves organisational decision-	 Clarifying strategic focus Aids in the identification of skills gaps on the board Improves the board's decision- making ability 	Identifies areas where director skills need development Identifies areas where the director's skills can be better utilised
Communication	• Improves board-management relationships	 Improves board-management relationships Builds board norms such as psychological safety¹⁴ and effort norms¹⁵ 	Builds personal relationships and trust between individual directors
Board operations	 Ensures an appropriate top-level policy framework exists to guide the organisation 	More efficient meetings Better time management	Saves directors' time Increases effectiveness of individual contributors

Benefits	To organisation	To board	To individual directors
II .	Stakeholder recognition of a	and diversity to effectively undertake	Recognition of how an individual director's competencies will add value

This extract is from the recently released book published by the AICD and written by the team at Effective Governance 'Reviewing Your Board - A guide to board and director evaluation'. To purchase a copy head to the <u>AICD website</u>.

Aimed at helping boards to conduct evaluations that add value, 'Reviewing Your Board' is written by experts with more than 25 years' experience working with boards and conducting over 1,000 board reviews. 'Reviewing Your Board' is authored by Geoffrey Kiel, Gavin Nicholson, Jennifer Tunny and James Beck.

14. According to the originator of the term 'psychological safety', it "is a belief that one will not be punished or humiliated for speaking up with ideas, questions, concerns or mistakes" (Amy Edmondson cited in A Simpson, 2017, The Innovation-Friendly Organization: How to Cultivate New Ideas and Embrace the Change They Bring, Palgrave Macmillan, London, p 156).

15. 'Effort norms' is a "group-level construct that refers to the group's shared beliefs regarding the level of effort each individual is expected to put toward a task" (D P Forbes and F J Milliken, 1999, "Cognition and Corporate Governance: Understanding Boards of Directors as Strategic Decision-Making Groups", Academy of Management Review, Vol 24, No 3, July, p 493.) Effort norms such as preparing for and participating in board meetings are important because they will influence the ability of the board to perform its key task of decision-making (A Minichilli et al, 2012, "Board Task Performance: An Exploration of Micro- and Macro-Level Determinants of Board Effectiveness", Journal of Organizational Behavior, Vol 33, No 2, February, pp 193–215).

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